# Identifying and Responding to Child Sexual Exploitation

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Barnardo's Registered Charity Nos. 216250 and SC037605

### Today

- Understanding how children and young people become sexually exploited.
- The impact of their abuse.
- Inviting you to think about what you can do to respond, protect and support these children.



### **Prostitution Triangle**

Child prostitute/rent boy/sex worker

Punter/customer

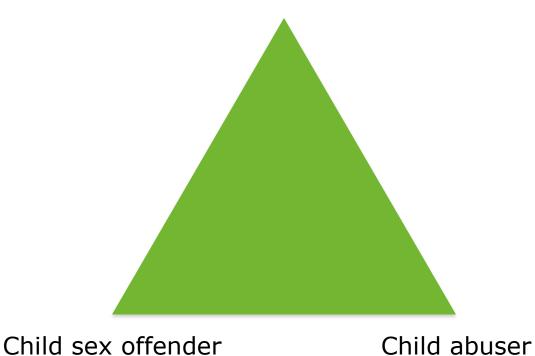
Pimp/facilitator



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### **Reality Triangle**

Abused child



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### **Reality Triangle**





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### **Pattern of Control**

- Engagement
- Dependency
- Taking Control
- Dominance and abuse



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### **National Guidance for Child Protection 2014**

'Sexual exploitation of children and young people under 18 involves exploitative situations, contexts and relationships where young people (or a third person or persons) receive 'something' (e.g. food, accommodation, drugs, alcohol, cigarettes, affection, gifts, money) as a result of them performing, and/or another or others performing on them, sexual activities.

Working Together 2013, Safeguarding Children and Young People from Sexual Exploitation



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..Can occur through the use of technology without the child's immediate recognition; for example being persuaded to post sexual images on the Internet/mobile phones without immediate payment or gain.

- In all cases, those exploiting the child/young person have power over them by virtue of their age, gender, intellect, physical strength and/or economic or other resources.
- Violence, coercion and intimidation are common features; involvement in exploitative relationships being characterised in the main by the child or young person's limited availability of choice resulting from their social/economic and /or emotional vulnerability.'



National Guidance for Child Protection 2014

'In some cases, the sexual activity may just take place between **one young person** and the **perpetrator** (whether an adult or peer).

In other situations, a young person may be passed for sex between two or more perpetrators or this may be organised exploitation (often by criminal gangs or organised groups).'



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## Young Person's View of the world?



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## **Young People's Definitions**

- When a person uses a young person for sex: to make money or just for their own enjoyment.
- Getting to know someone, listening to them and talking about their problems. Making them trust you and then using you for sex or selling you to someone else
- Earning your trust and making you do things that you wouldn't normally do
- Getting closer and closer to a you, but really with intent to do you harm.



#### Targeting



- Observing the child/ young person
- Selection of child/ young person
- Befriending being nice, giving gifts, caring, taking an interest, giving compliments, tec
- Gaining and developing trust
- Sharing information about young people between other abusive adults



- Making young people feel special
- Giving gifts and rewards
- Spending time together
- Listening and remembering
- Keeping secrets
- Being there for them
- 'No-one understands you like I do'; being their best friend
- Testing out physical contact
   accidental
   touching
- Offering protection





- Being their boyfriend/ girlfriend
- Establishing a sexual relationship
- Lowering their inhibitions – eg showing them pornography
- Engaging them in forbidden activities
   eg going to clubs, drinking, taking drugs
- Being inconsistent

   building up hope
   and then punishing
   them

#### **Abusive**



- Becomes an 'unloving' sexual relationship
- Withdrawal of love and friendship
- Reinforcing dependency on them – stating young person is 'damaged goods'
- Isolation from family and friends
- Trickery and manipulation –
   'you owe me'
- Threatening behaviour
- Physical violence
- Sexual assaults
- Making them have sex with other people
- Giving them drugs
- Playing on the young person's feeling of guilt, shame and fear



### The Impact of New Technology

#### **Targeting stage**

Checking out profiles
Looking for personal info/IP address – online research
Creating false profile

### Loving relationship stage

- Sharing photos online
- Wanting to meet up/go out

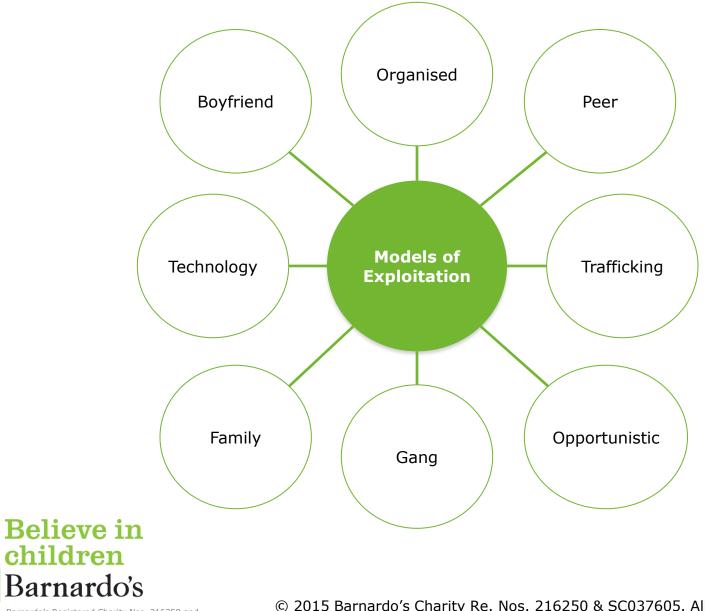
### Friendship forming stage

Friends request, wanting to chat
`Likes' your pictures
Only wanting to chat to you
Sharing interests
Chatting about grown up stuff
Requesting private chat
Sharing Gaming tips/tools
Keeping friendship secret

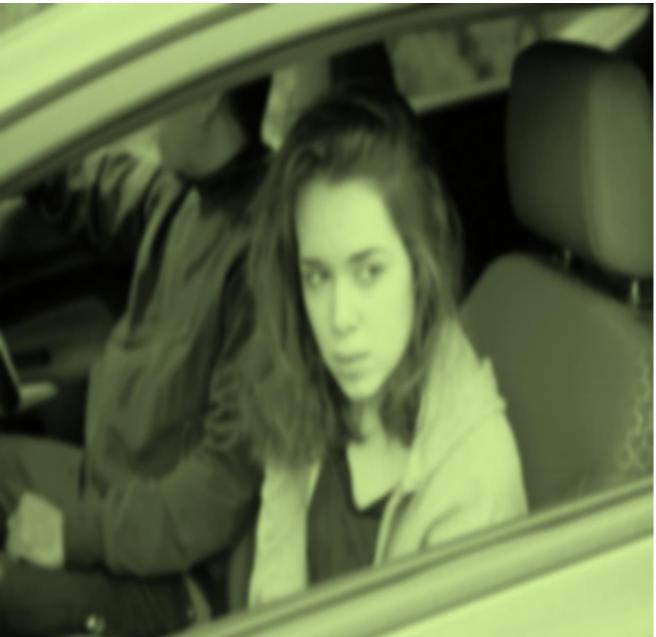
### Abusive relationship stage

Passing photos about - revenge
Blackmailing you to do stuff
Threats to share info/photos with family/mum and dad
Ending contact when you don't do what they want
Ending contact when you tell them you've told someone about them





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- Adult power
- Intimidation
- Money
- Isolation
- Emotional abuse
- Physical and sexual abuse
- Force and threats
- Shame and blame
- Adult power

1. Think about what pushes young people in to situations like this and makes them vulnerable to abuse.

# 2.Think about what draws them in or pulls them in to such abuse.



 Remember the push and pull factors can be different for boys.

 And we are less good at recognising boys at risk.



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## **Hidden in Plain sight**

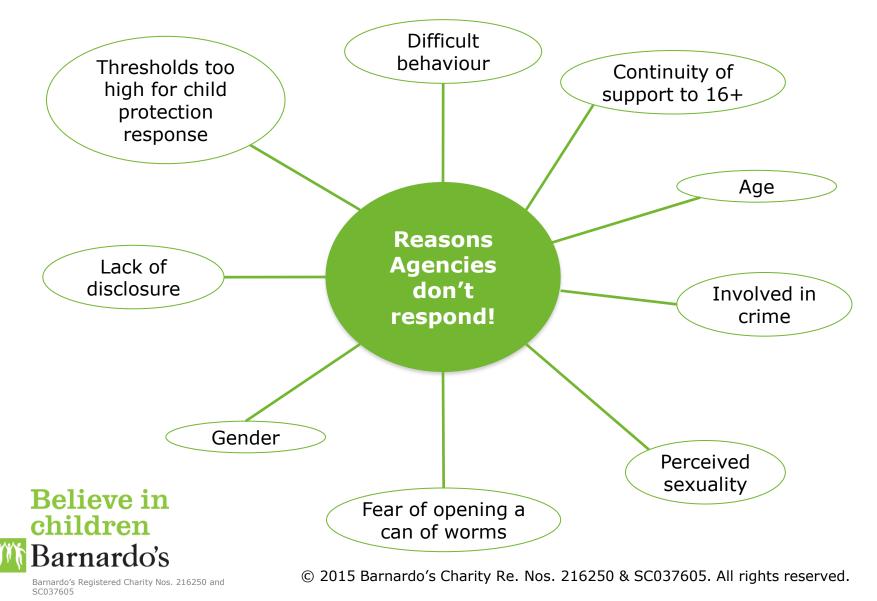
- Barnardo's research found that boys are often `missing' for longer periods before they are reported as such.
- Also this research indicates that there is a danger that professionals' attitudes towards boys and young men might be less protective than towards girls.
- <u>Hidden in Plain Sight</u>
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### Build up Trust and Respect



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### Build up Trust and Respect



### **Lessons Learnt from Serious Case Reviews**

- Early intervention can be effective
- Professionals need to know and understand how to identify signs of vulnerability
- Sharing information robustly and communicating clearly.
- Accessing supervision
- Working in partnership
- Don't forget how isolated young person is, the power of the perpetrator and the young person's need for support.

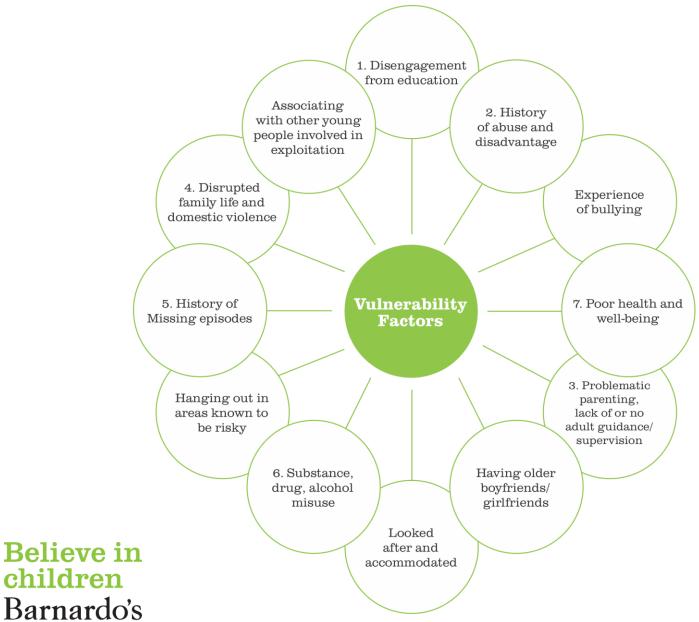


## **Identifying Vulnerability and Risk**

- Vulnerability factors aspects of a child's historical or current circumstances which may make them more susceptible to targeting and grooming for sexual exploitation
- Risk indicators signs or `symptoms' which might alert you that a young person could be experiencing sexual exploitation



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## Running away/going missing

One to one interviews with more than 40 children who had run away and had been victims of sexual exploitation before the age of 16.

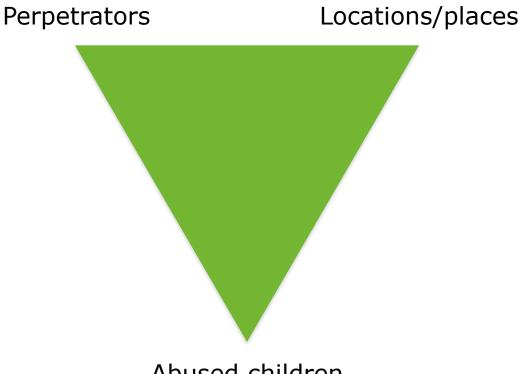
Variety of reasons why children choose to runaway but pattern of how easily they can find themselves at risk and in danger of being sexually exploited.

**Running away from hate to what you think is love** Barnardo's and Paradigm Research (July 2013)



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### **Disruption Triangle**







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### ✓ Be Prepared

## Prevent child sexual exploitation

- Protect children from harm
- ✓ Pursue offenders.



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## **`Standing In Their Shoes'**

- What is the young person likely to be feeling?
- What thoughts is the young people having?
- And so how is the young person behaving?



### Things to think about when Responding to Concerns

### **Response to Young People**

- ✓ How could I support or protect this child?
- ✓ How could I talk to them about my concerns?
- ✓ What do they need?
- ✓ What do I need?

### Response as an organisation

- ✓ Who do I need to tell?
- ✓ Where can I get help?
- ✓ What's my personal and professional responsibility?



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### Supporting Young People at Risk of Sexual Exploitation

- Sexual Exploitation is ABUSE not a lifestyle choice
- Young people will rarely disclose exploitation
- Your ability to identify Vulnerability Factors, Indicators, and Push/Pull factors matters.



• So remember ....

 it is everyone's responsibility to share information and report concerns ...

and talk to the child......



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## Thank you

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